

### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claims 15, 42 and 43 as indicated below.

Please cancel Claims 21 and 24.

1. – 14. (Cancelled).

15. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a gate stack in an integrated circuit comprising:

depositing a dielectric layer over a substrate comprising a first region and a second region by an atomic layer deposition process;

depositing a barrier layer directly over the dielectric layer by an atomic layer deposition process such that it overlies both the first and second regions, wherein the barrier layer is not a nanolaminate structure; and

forming a first gate electrode layer over the first region of the substrate and a second gate electrode layer over the second region, wherein the first and second gate electrode layers comprise materials selected from the group consisting of polysilicon, Ti, Ni, Co, TiN, TiAl<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, TaN, TaAl<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, Ru, RuO<sub>2</sub>, Ir, IrO<sub>2</sub>, HfN, WN<sub>x</sub>C<sub>y</sub>, HfAl<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub> and HfSi<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>.

16. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the first region is a PMOS region and the second region is an NMOS region.

17. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the first and second gate electrode layers are adjacent to each other

18. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the first gate electrode layer comprises a first gate electrode material and the second gate electrode layer comprises a second gate electrode material.

19. (Original) The method of Claim 18, wherein the first and second gate electrode materials are conductive.

20. (Original) The method of Claim 18, wherein the first and second gate electrode materials are different.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Original) The method of Claim 19 wherein either the first or second gate electrode material is a metal nitride.

23. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the barrier layer comprises a conductive material.

24. (Cancelled)

25. (Cancelled)

26. (Cancelled)

27. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the barrier layer is deposited to a thickness of less than about 100 Å.

28. (Original) The method of Claim 27, wherein the barrier layer is deposited to a thickness of less than about 30 Å.

29. (Original) The method of Claim 15, additionally comprising treating the dielectric layer to remove OH groups on the surface prior to deposition of the barrier layer.

30. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the dielectric layer is treated with ammonia gas.

31. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the dielectric layer is treated with radicals.

32. (Original) The method of Claim 31, wherein the dielectric layer is treated with nitrogen-hydrogen plasma.

33. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein forming a first gate electrode layer over the first region comprises depositing a layer of first gate electrode material over the first and second regions of the substrate.

34. (Original) The method of Claim 33, wherein forming a first gate electrode layer over the first region additionally comprises removing first gate electrode material from over the second region of the substrate without removing the underlying barrier layer.

35. (Original) The method of Claim 34, wherein the first gate electrode material is removed from over the second region of the substrate by chemical mechanical polishing.

36. (Original) The method of Claim 34, wherein forming the second gate electrode layer comprises depositing a layer of second gate electrode material over the first and second regions of the substrate.

37. (Original) The method of Claim 34, wherein the first gate electrode material is removed from over the second region of the substrate by differential etching.

38. (Original) The method of Claim 37, wherein forming the second gate electrode layer over the second region comprises depositing a layer of second gate electrode material over the first and second regions of the substrate and removing second gate electrode material from over the first region without removing the underlying barrier layer.

39. (Original) The method of Claim 15, additionally comprising depositing a layer of conductive material over the first and second gate electrode layers.

40. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein forming a first gate electrode over the first region of the substrate comprises etching the barrier layer over the second region to a thickness of no more than about 100 angstroms.

41. (Original) The method of Claim 40, wherein forming a second gate electrode over the second region of the substrate comprising depositing a layer of conductive material over the second region.

42. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a first and second electrode in an integrated circuit comprising:

depositing a dielectric layer over a substrate comprising a first region and a second region;

depositing a barrier layer directly over the dielectric layer by atomic layer deposition such that it overlies the first and second regions, wherein the barrier layer is not a nanolaminate structure;

depositing a first gate electrode material over the first and second regions of the substrate;

removing first gate electrode material from over the first region without removing the barrier layer; [[and]]

depositing a second gate electrode material over the substrate, wherein the first and second gate electrode materials are selected from the group consisting of Ti, Ni, Co, TiN, TiAl<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, TaN, TaAl<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, Ru, RuO<sub>2</sub>, Ir, IrO<sub>2</sub>, HfN, WN<sub>x</sub>C<sub>y</sub>, HfAl<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub> and HfSi<sub>x</sub>N<sub>y</sub>, and

defining a first and second electrode in the first and second region.

43. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim [[1,]] 15, wherein the barrier layer comprises a ternary complex.

**Appl. No. : 10/601,037**  
**Filed : June 19, 2003**

44. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 42, wherein the barrier layer comprises a ternary complex.